Supplemental Material

ROS Generated by Upconversion Nanoparticle-Mediated Photodynamic Therapy Induces Autophagy via PI3K/AKT/ mTOR Signaling Pathway in M1 Peritoneal Macrophage

Xiaobo Han^a Jiayuan Kou^b Yinghong Zheng^a Zhongni Liu^a Yueqing Jiang^a Ziyu Gao^a Lin Cong^a Liming Yang^a

^aDepartment of Pathophysiology, Key Laboratory of Cardiovascular Pathophysiology, Harbin Medical University, Harbin, China, ^bDepartment of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology, Harbin Medical University, Harbin, China

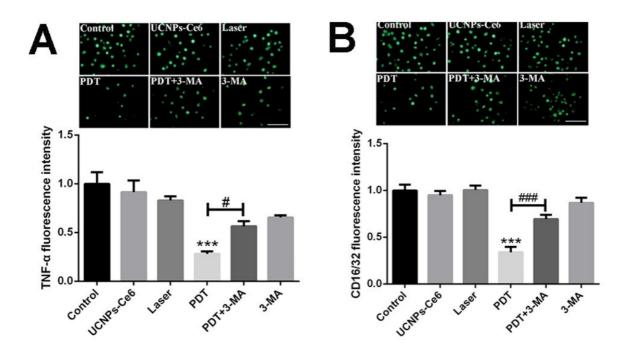


Fig. S1. PDT inhibited the expression of pro-inflammatory factors, which was suppressed by 3-MA.

(A) The expression of TNF- α at 12 h after different treatments in the fluorescence assays (scale bar : 50 µm) (n = 10).

(B) The expression of CD16/32 at 12 h after different treatments in the fluorescence assays (scale bar : 50 μ m) (n = 10). *** P < 0.001 vs control group, #P < 0.05, ### P < 0.001 vs PDT group.

Α

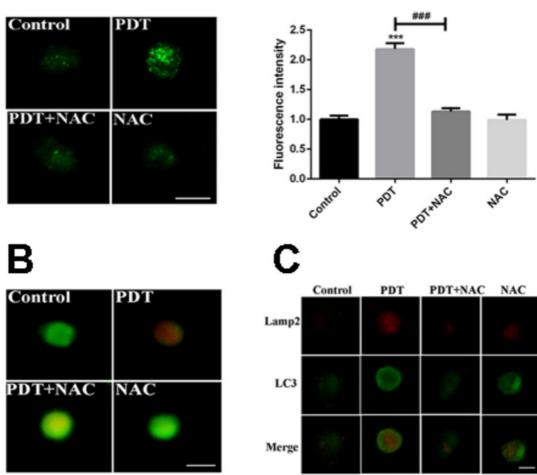


Fig. S2. PDT induced the autophagy, which was inhibited by NAC.

(A) MDC staining analysis of the formation of autophagic vacuoles (scale bar: 5 μ m). (B) Acridine orange staining analysis of the formation of autophagic vacuoles using acridine orange staining (scale bar: 50 μ m). (C) Effect of NAC on the co-localization of LC3 and Lamp2 2 h after PDT using LSCM (scale bar: 10 μ m). *** P < 0.001 vs control group, ### P < 0.001 vs PDT group.