

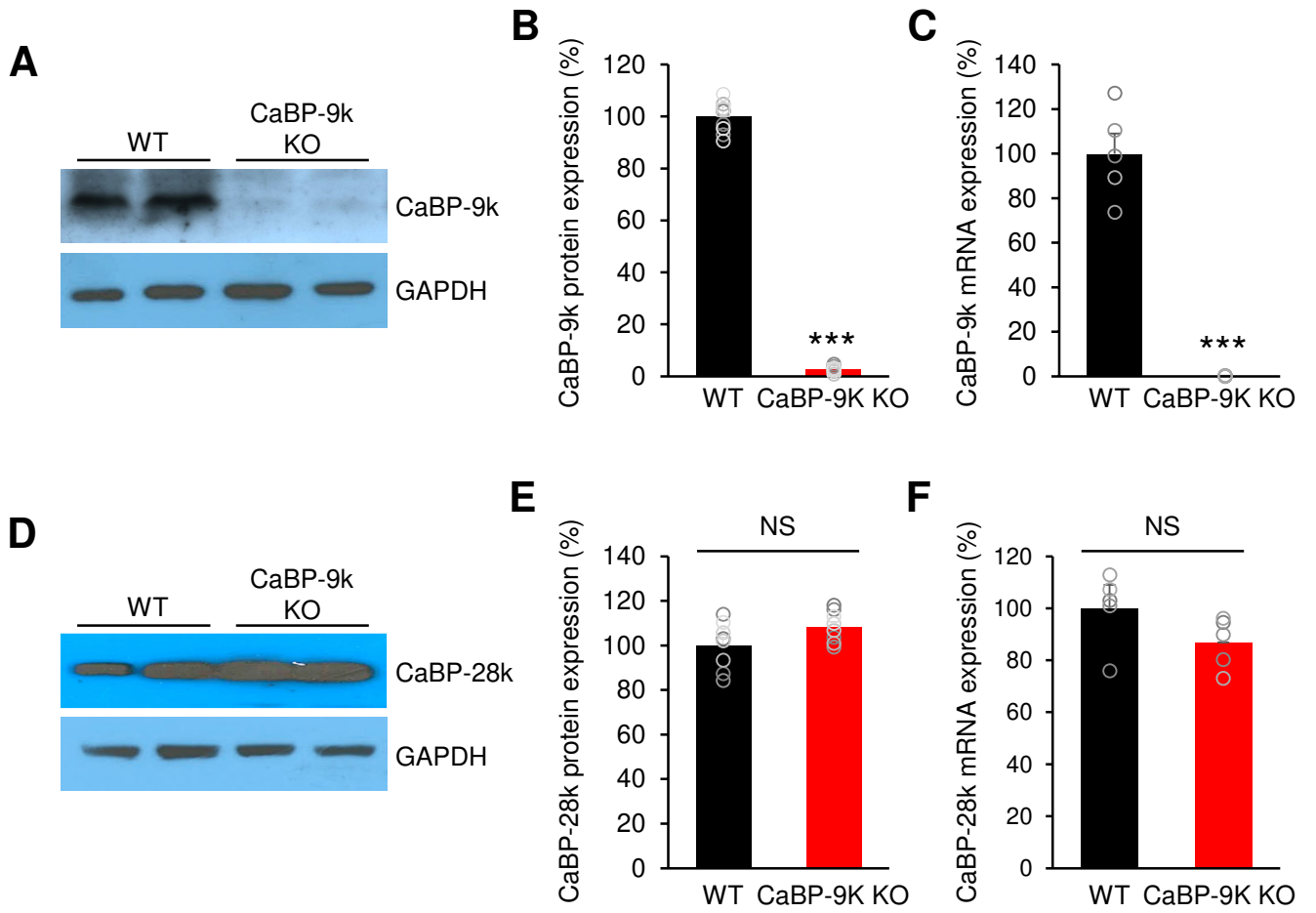
# Supplemental Material

## Calbindin-D<sub>9k</sub> is a Novel Risk Gene for Neurodegenerative Disease

Eui-Man Jung<sup>a</sup> Yeong-Min Yoo<sup>a</sup> Seon Young Park<sup>a</sup> Changhwan Ahn<sup>a</sup>  
Bo-Hui Jeon<sup>a</sup> Eui-Ju Hong<sup>b</sup> Woo-Yang Kim<sup>c</sup> Eui-Bae Jeung<sup>a</sup>

<sup>a</sup>Laboratory of Veterinary Biochemistry and Molecular Biology, Veterinary Medical Center and College of Veterinary Medicine, Chungbuk National University, Cheongju, Chungbuk, Republic of Korea, <sup>b</sup>College of Veterinary Medicine, Chungnam National University, Yuseong, Daejeon, Republic of Korea, <sup>c</sup>Department of Biological Sciences, Kent State University, Kent, OH, USA

# Supplementary figure-1

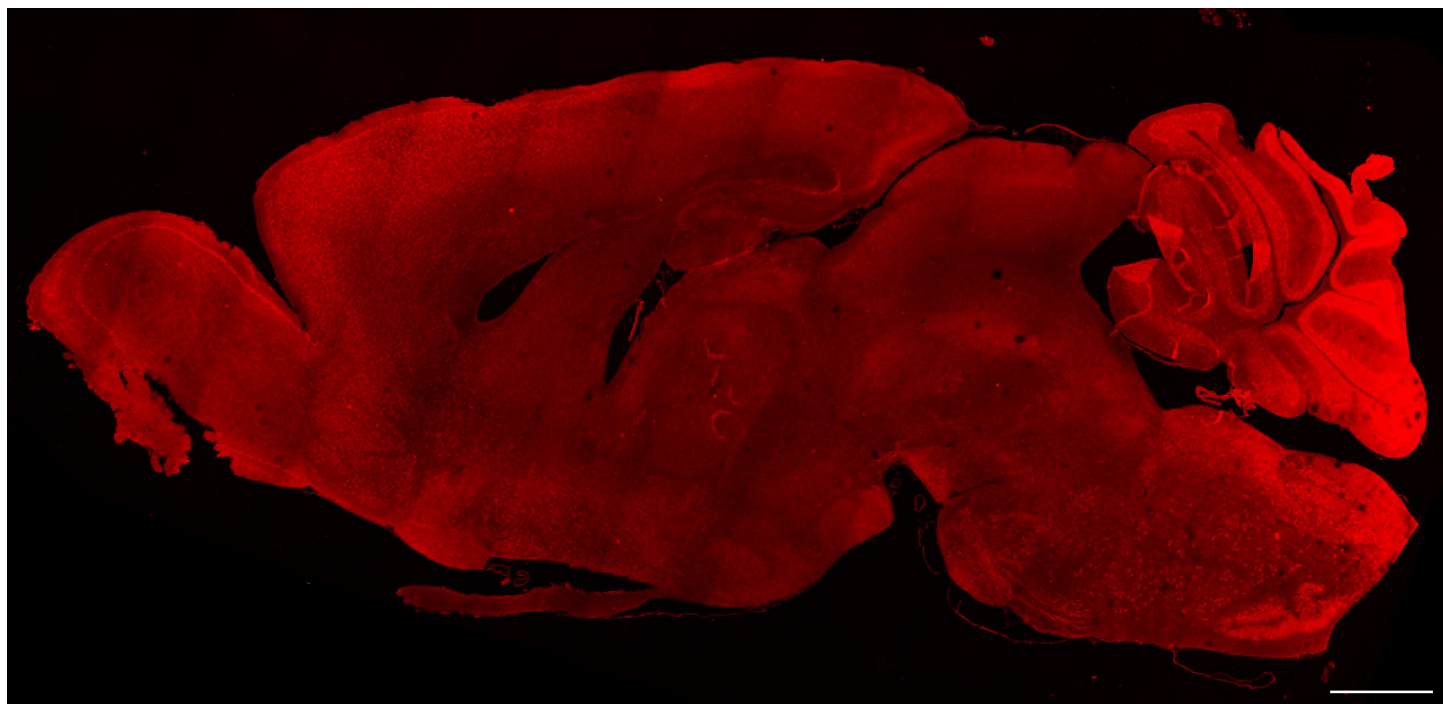


**Supplementary Fig. 1. Study of CaBP-9k KO mouse model.**

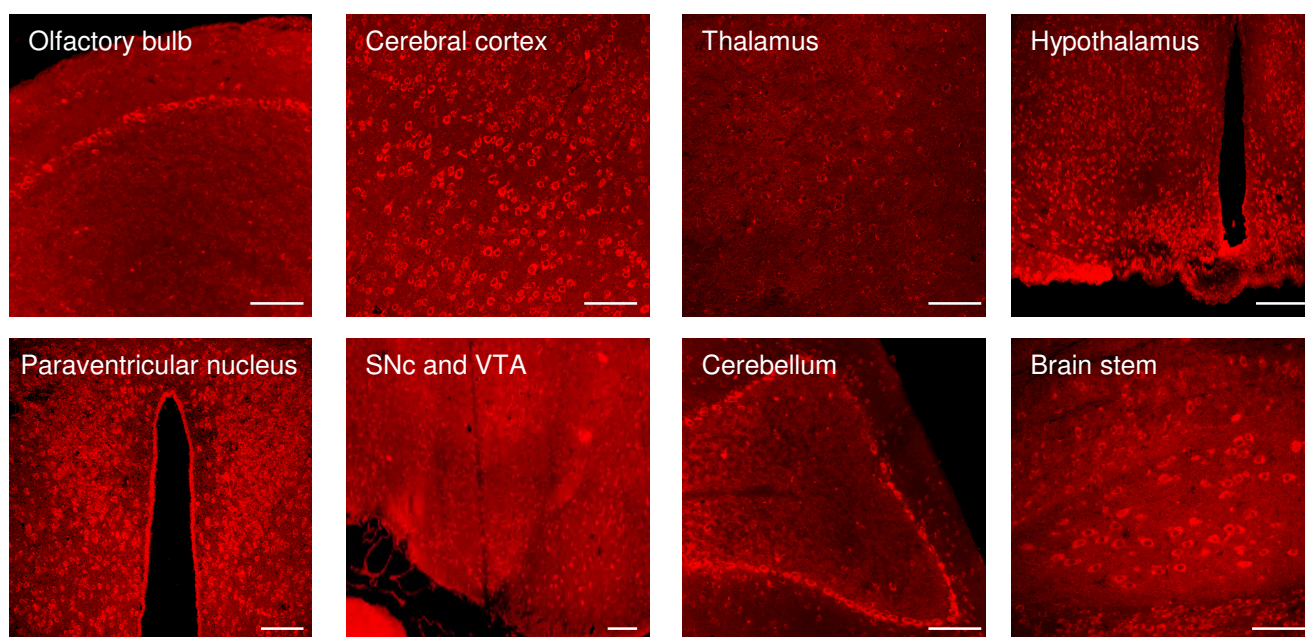
(A,D) Western blotting for CaBP-9k and CaBP-28k in CaBP-9k KO mice. (B,E) Quantification of A,C. (C,F) Real-time PCR analysis for genes encoding CaBP-9k and CaBP-28k in in CaBP-9k KO brain.  $n = 10$  mice for each group. Data shown are the means  $\pm$  SEMs and were analysed by two-tailed unpaired Student's t-tests.

Supplementary figure-2

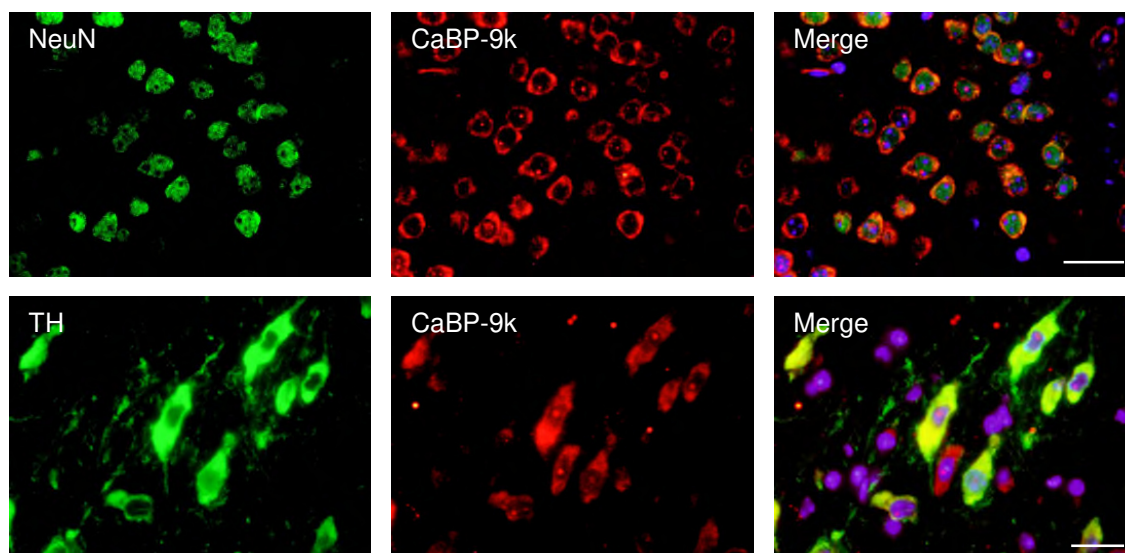
**A**



**B**



**C**

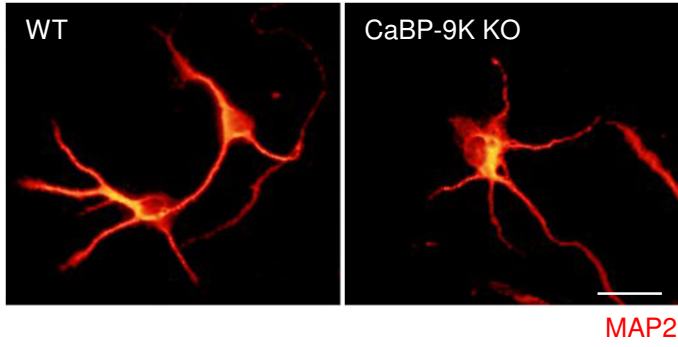


**Supplementary Fig. 2. Distribution of CaBP-9k-positive neurons in the mouse brain.**

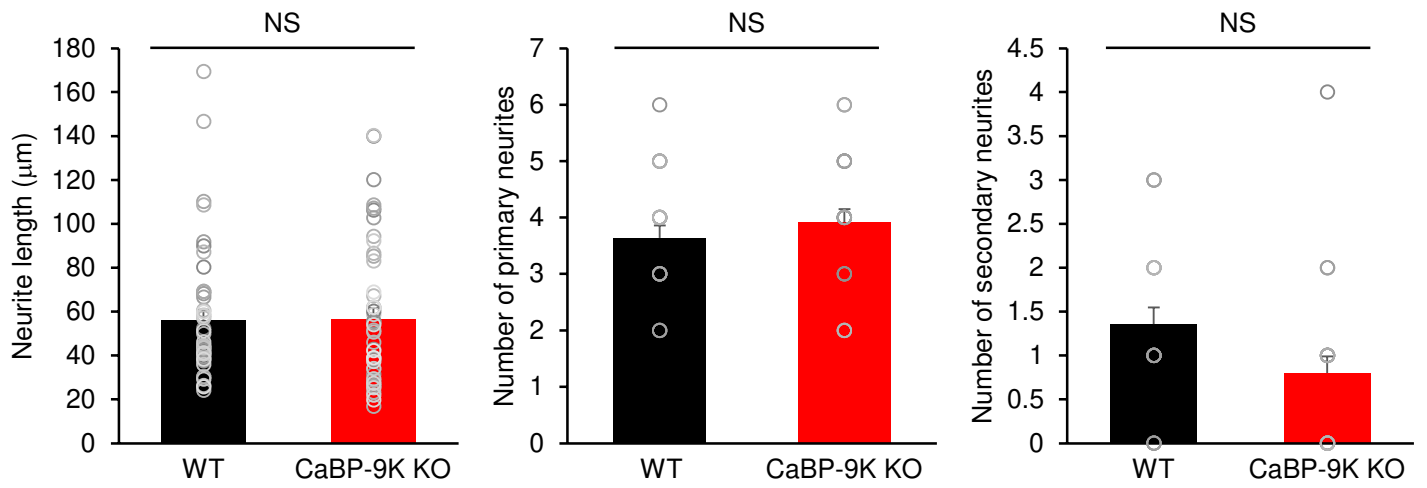
(A,B) Fluorescence photomicrographs showing CaBP-9k expression in a sagittal section. Scale bar= 1 mm in A; Scale bar= 100  $\mu\text{m}$  in B. (C) Confocal microscopy of double immunofluorescence staining for CaBP-9k colocalized with the NeuN neuronal marker in the cerebral cortex and with TH in the SNc and VTA. Scale bar= 20  $\mu\text{m}$ .

# Supplementary figure-3

## A



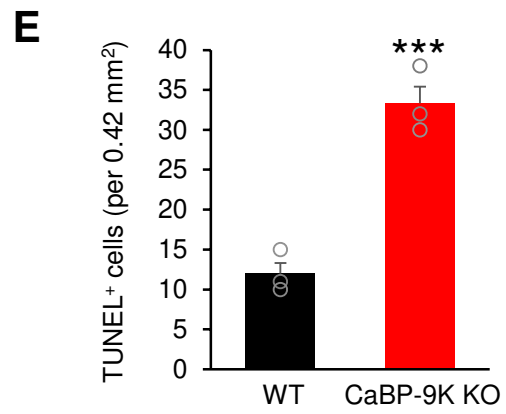
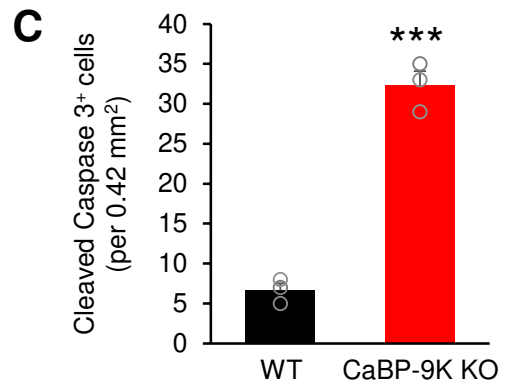
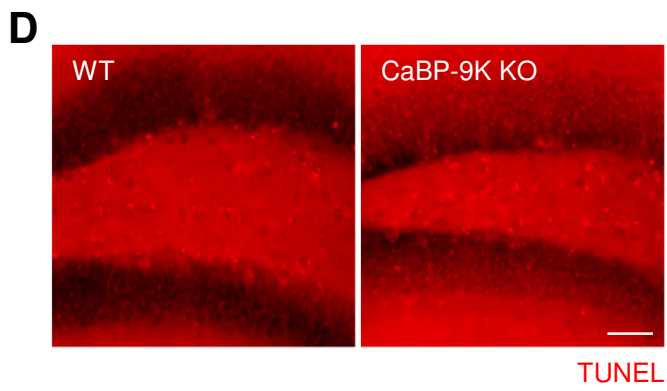
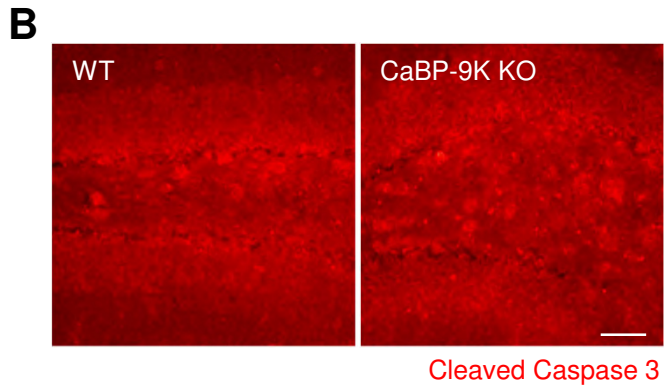
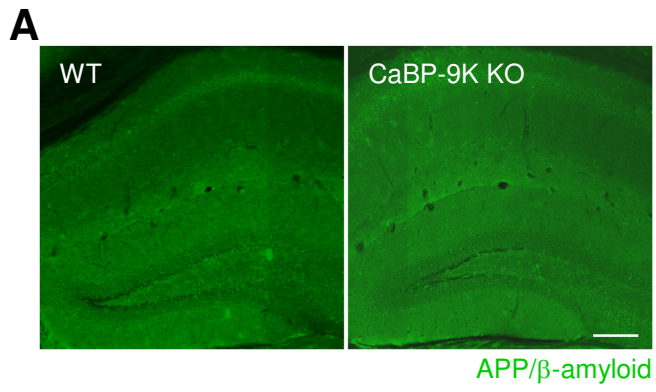
## B



**Supplementary Fig. 3. Neurite development in CaBP-9k KO mice.**

(A) MAP2 immunofluorescence showing neurite morphology in primary neuronal cells at 5 days *in vitro* from wild-type and CaBP-9k KO mice. Scale bar= 25  $\mu\text{m}$ . (B) Quantification of the length and number of neurites. (Neurite length:  $n = 47$  neurites from 5 mice for each group; Neurite number:  $n = 25$  neurites from 5 mice for each group). NS, nonsignificant. Data shown are the means  $\pm$  SEMs and were analysed by two-tailed unpaired Student's t-tests.

# Supplementary figure-4

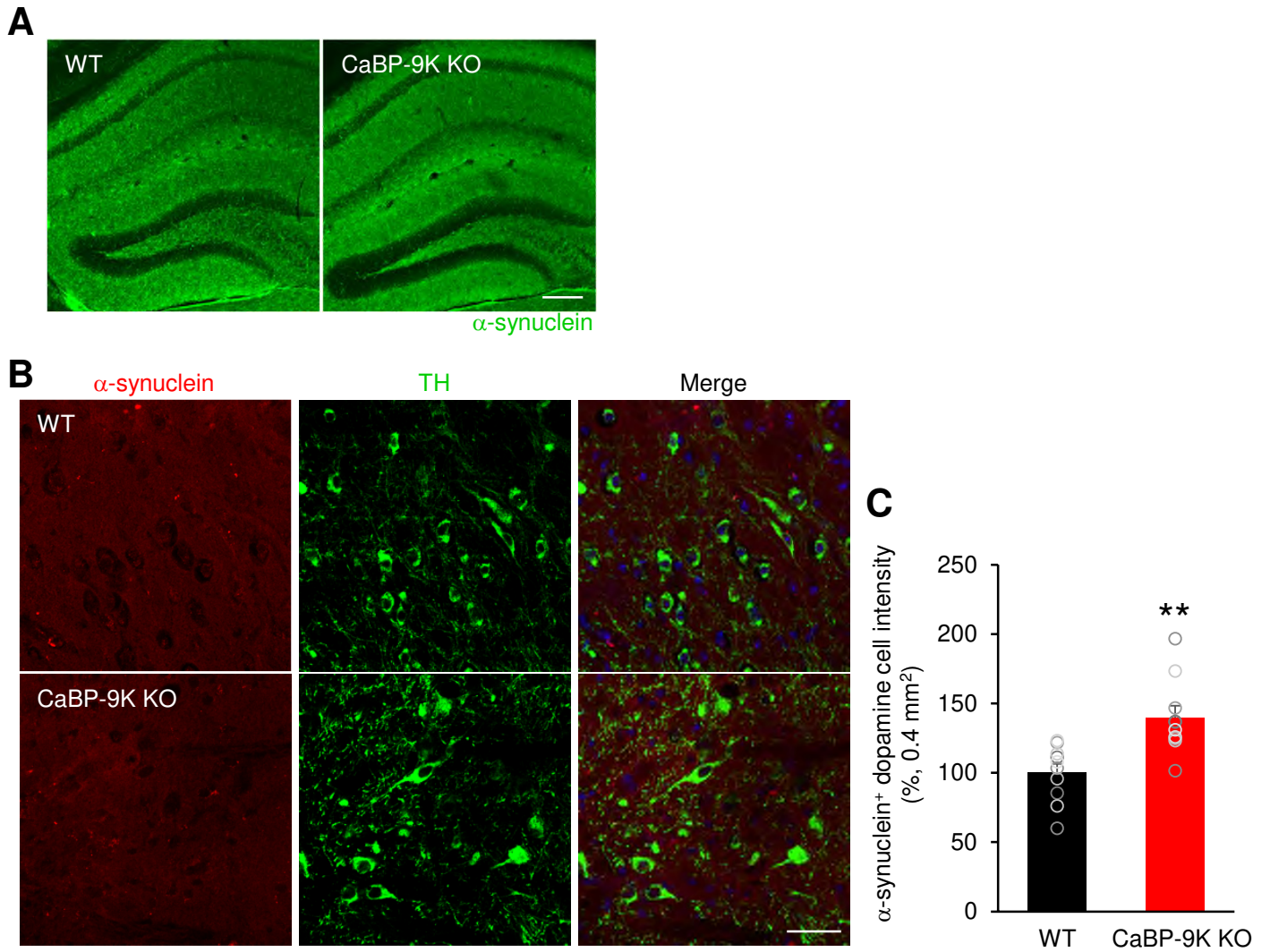




**Supplementary Fig. 4. APP/ $\beta$ -amyloid expression and cell death in the hippocampal of young CaBP-9k KO mice.**

(A) Immunofluorescence staining for APP/ $\beta$ -amyloid plaques in the hippocampi of young wild-type and CaBP-9k KO mice. Scale bar= 200  $\mu$ m.  $n = 4$  for mice for each group. (B,D) Cell death was assessed in the hippocampi of young wild-type and CaBP-9k KO mice by immunostaining for cleaved caspase-3 or by TUNEL assays. Scale bar= 50  $\mu$ m. (C,E) Quantification of B and D.  $n = 3$  for mice for each group. Data shown are the means  $\pm$  SEMs and were analysed by two-tailed unpaired Student's t-tests.

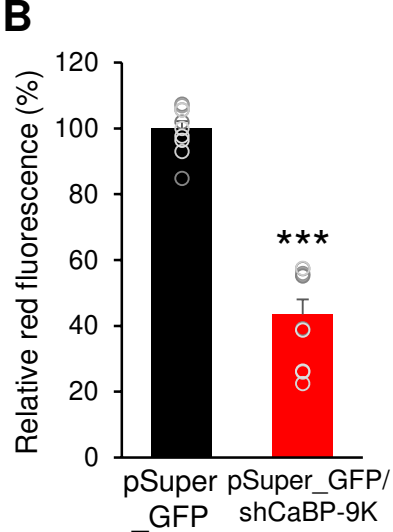
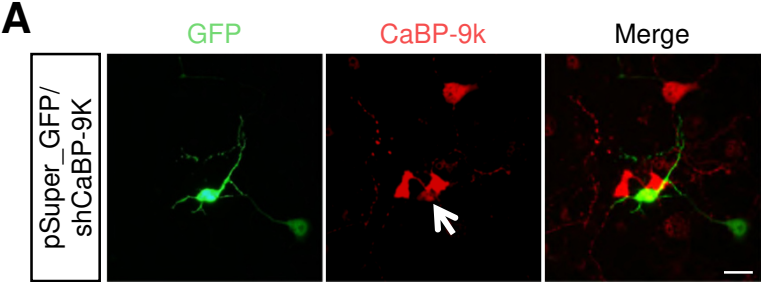
# Supplementary figure-5



**Supplementary Fig. 5.  $\alpha$ -synuclein-positive neurons in the SNc and VTA of young CaBP-9k KO mice.**

(A) Immunofluorescence for  $\alpha$ -synuclein aggregates in the hippocampi of young wild-type and CaBP-9k KO mice. Scale bar= 200  $\mu$ m.  $n = 4$  mice for each group. (B) Immunofluorescence staining for  $\alpha$ -synuclein and TH in dopaminergic cells in the SNc and VTA of young wild-type and CaBP-9k KO mice. Scale bar= 40  $\mu$ m. (C) Quantification of B. Histograms show the intensity of  $\alpha$ -synuclein-positive and TH-positive cells in the SNc and VTA of old CaBP-9k KO mice.  $n = 10$  for mice for each group. Data shown are the means  $\pm$  SEMs and were analysed by two-tailed unpaired Student's t-tests.

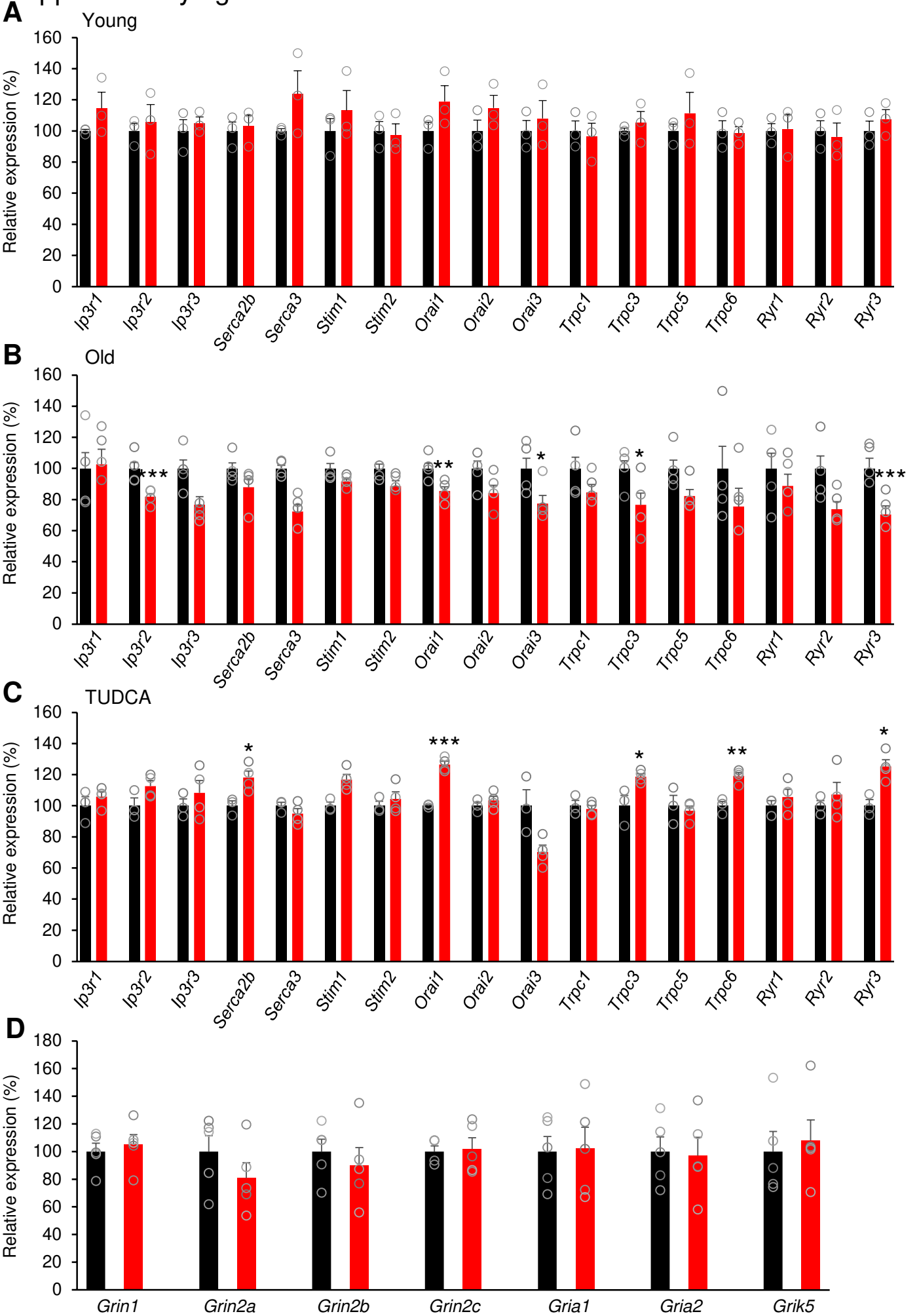
Supplementary figure-6



**Supplementary Fig. 6. shCaBP-9k mediated knockdown of endogenous CaBP-9k in primary neuronal cells**

(A) shCaBP-9k knockdown endogenous CaBP-9k. Expression of shCaBP-9k transfected cultured primary neuronal cells. (B) Quantification of A. The intensities were measured using ImageJ.  $n = 7$  cell culture replicates using 7 mice for each condition. Data shown are the means  $\pm$  SEMs and were analysed by two-tailed unpaired Student's t-tests.

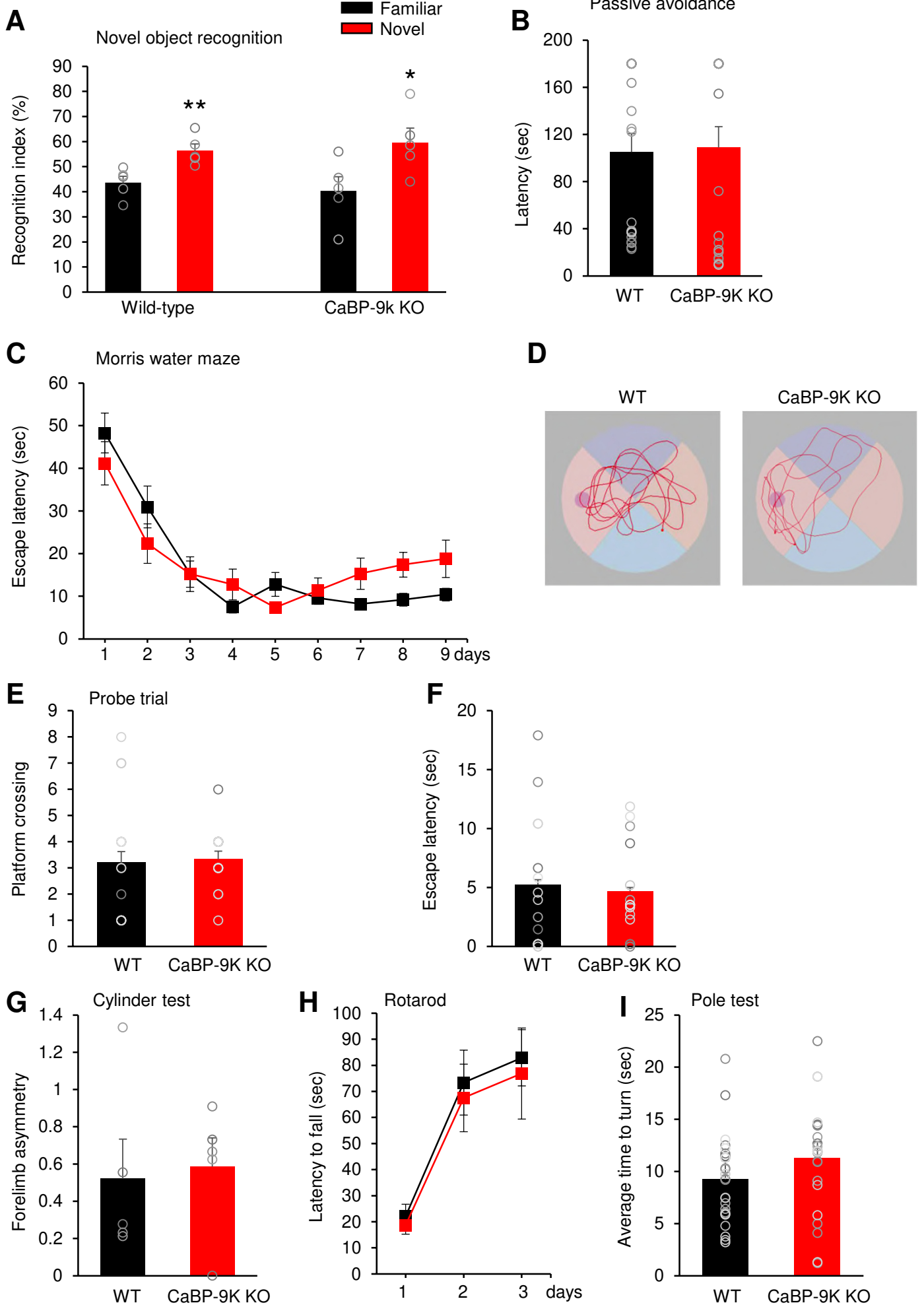
# Supplementary figure-7



**Supplementary Fig. 7. Altered calcium-channel genes in CaBP-9k KO mice.**

The mRNA levels of genes encoding calcium channels were assessed by real-time PCR using brain lysates from (A) young, (B) old, and (S) TUDCA-treated mice. Young group:  $n = 3$  for mice for each group; Old group:  $n = 5$  for mice for each group; TUDCA-treated groups:  $n = 3$  for TUDCA-treated wild-type mice;  $n = 4$  for TUDCA-treated CaBP-9k KO mice. (D) The mRNA levels of glutamate receptors were assessed by real-time PCR using brain lysates from old wild-type and CaBP-9k KO mice. The level of *Gapdh* mRNA was used for normalization. Data shown are the means  $\pm$  SEMs and were analysed by two-tailed unpaired Student's t-tests.

# Supplementary figure-8



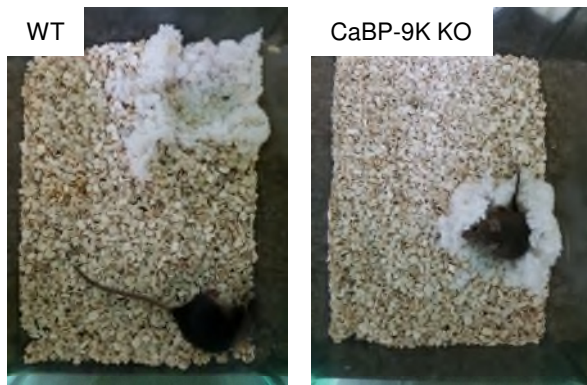


**Supplementary Fig. 8. Memory and motor behaviors in young CaBP-9k KO mice.**

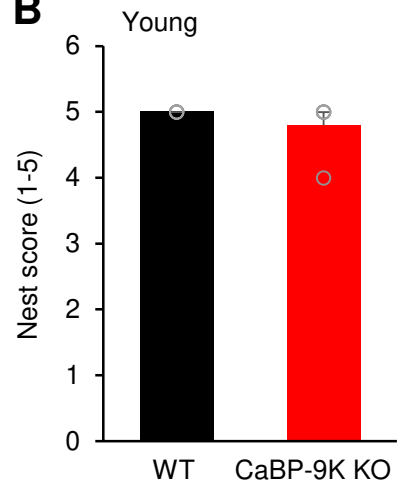
(A) Young wild-type and CaBP-9k KO mice were assessed in the novel object recognition test.  $n = 5$  for mice for each group. (B) Young wild-type and CaBP-9k KO mice were assessed in the passive avoidance test; the latency to enter the dark compartment was recorded.  $n = 5$  for mice for each group. (C) The Morris water maze reveals the performance during training trials in young wild-type and CaBP-9k KO mice.  $n = 5$  for mice for each group. (D) Representative swim paths of young mice during a probe trial after training. (E,F) Quantification of D. Young CaBP-9k KO mice showed no differences the platform crossing times or escape latency in probe trial. (G) Contralateral forelimb use was assessed in young wild-type and CaBP-9k KO mice in the cylinder test. (H) The latency to fall was assessed in young mice in the rotarod test. (I) In the pole test, the turning time was assessed in young mice in the pole test.  $n = 5$  for mice for each group. Data shown are the means  $\pm$  SEMs and were analysed by two-tailed unpaired Student's *t*-tests.

# Supplementary figure-9-1

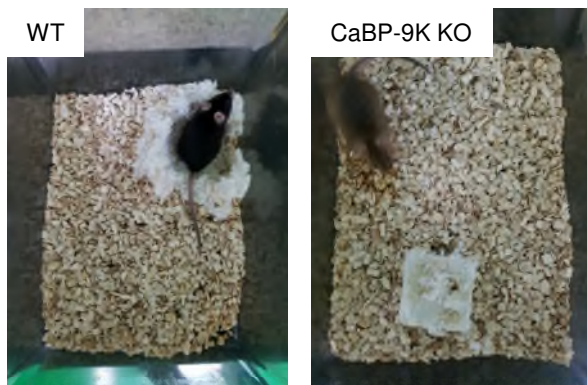
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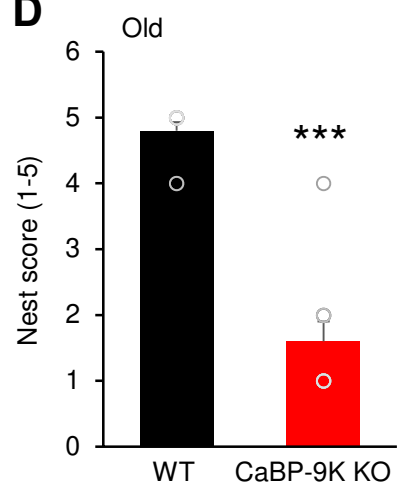
**B**



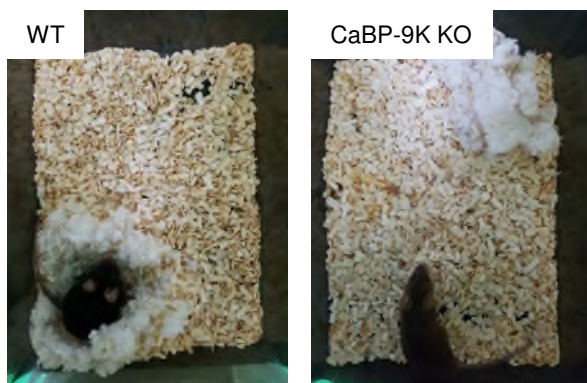
**C**



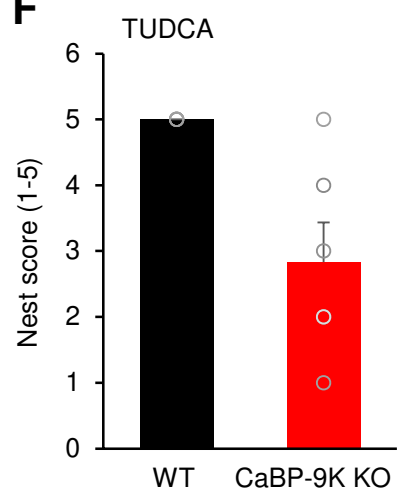
**D**



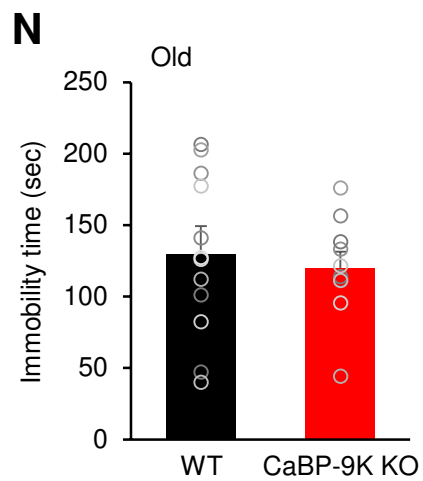
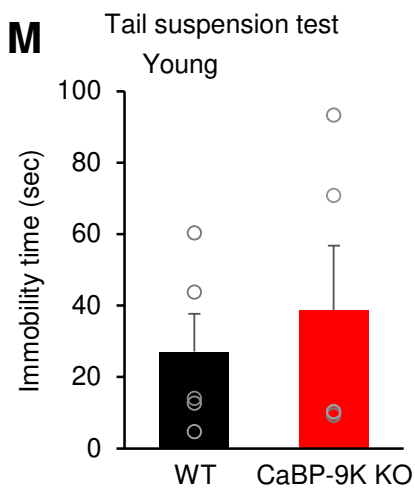
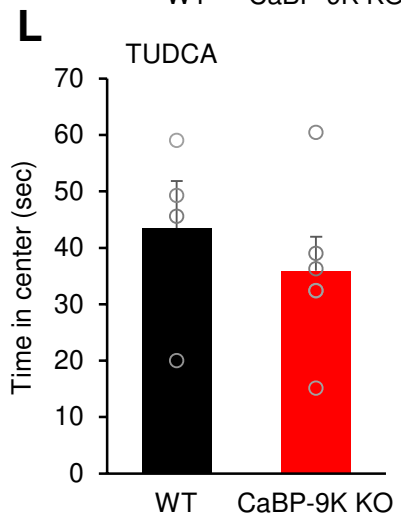
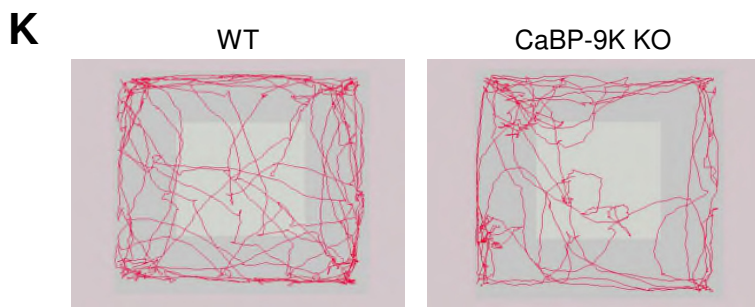
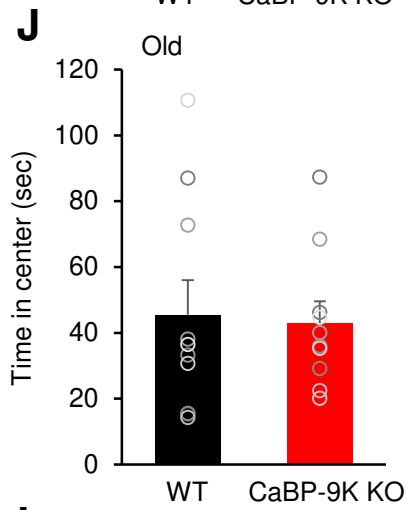
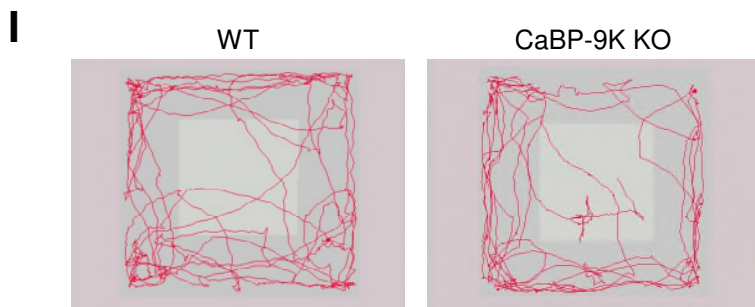
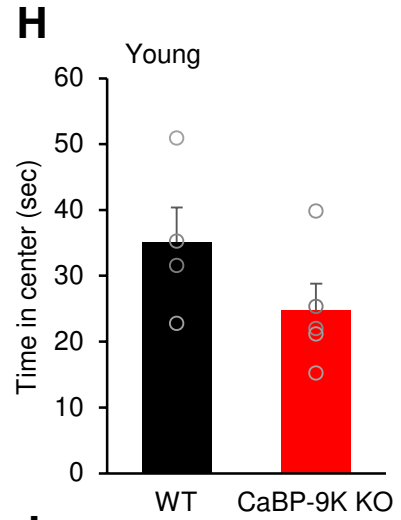
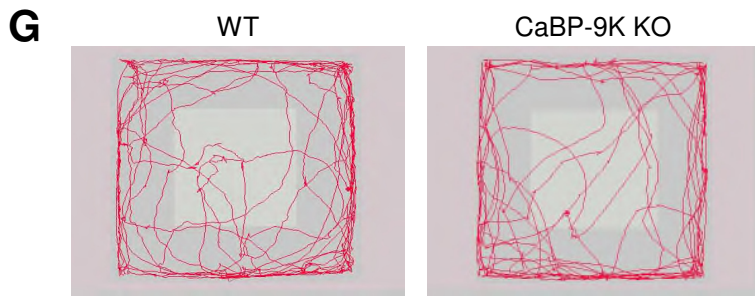
**E**



**F**



Supplementary figure-9-2



**Supplementary Fig. 9. Nesting, anxiety and depression behaviors in CaBP-9k KO mice.**

(A,C,E) Representative photographs of the nests at 24 h. (B,D,F) The quality of the nest construction was assessed on a rating scale of 1–5. Young group:  $n = 5$  for mice for each group; Old group:  $n = 10$  for mice for each group; TUDCA group:  $n = 4$  for TUDCA-treated wild-type mice;  $n = 6$  for TUDCA-treated CaBP-9k KO mice. (G,I,K) Representative tracing of mouse movement in the open field test. (H,J,L) Quantification of G,I and K. There were no differences in time spent in the center area among the groups. (M,N) CaBP-9k KO mice showed similar immobility times in the tail suspension test. Young group:  $n = 5$  for mice for each group; Old group:  $n = 10$  for mice for each group; TUDCA group:  $n = 4$  for TUDCA-treated wild-type mice;  $n = 6$  for TUDCA-treated CaBP-9k KO mice. Data shown are the means  $\pm$  SEMs and were analysed by two-tailed unpaired Student's t-tests.

# Supplementary figure-10-1

Figure 11

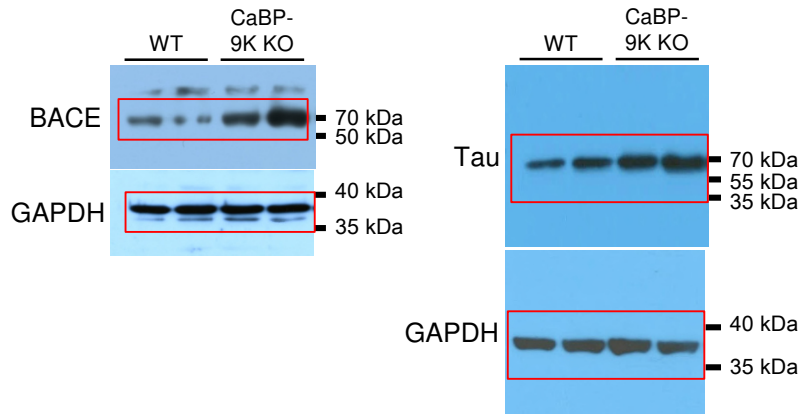


Figure 3A

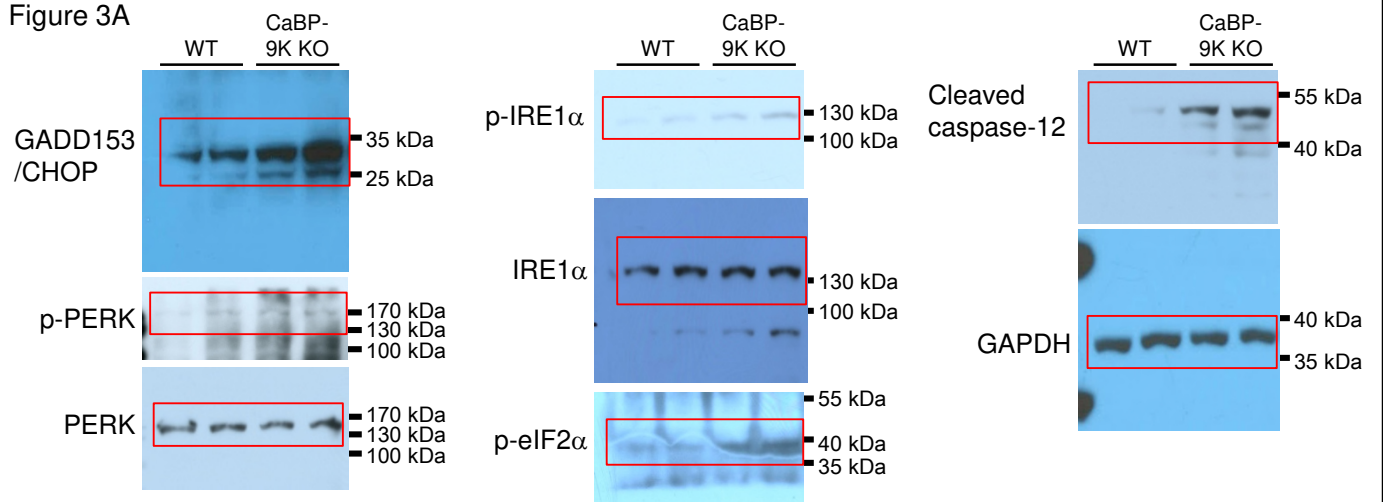


Figure 3C

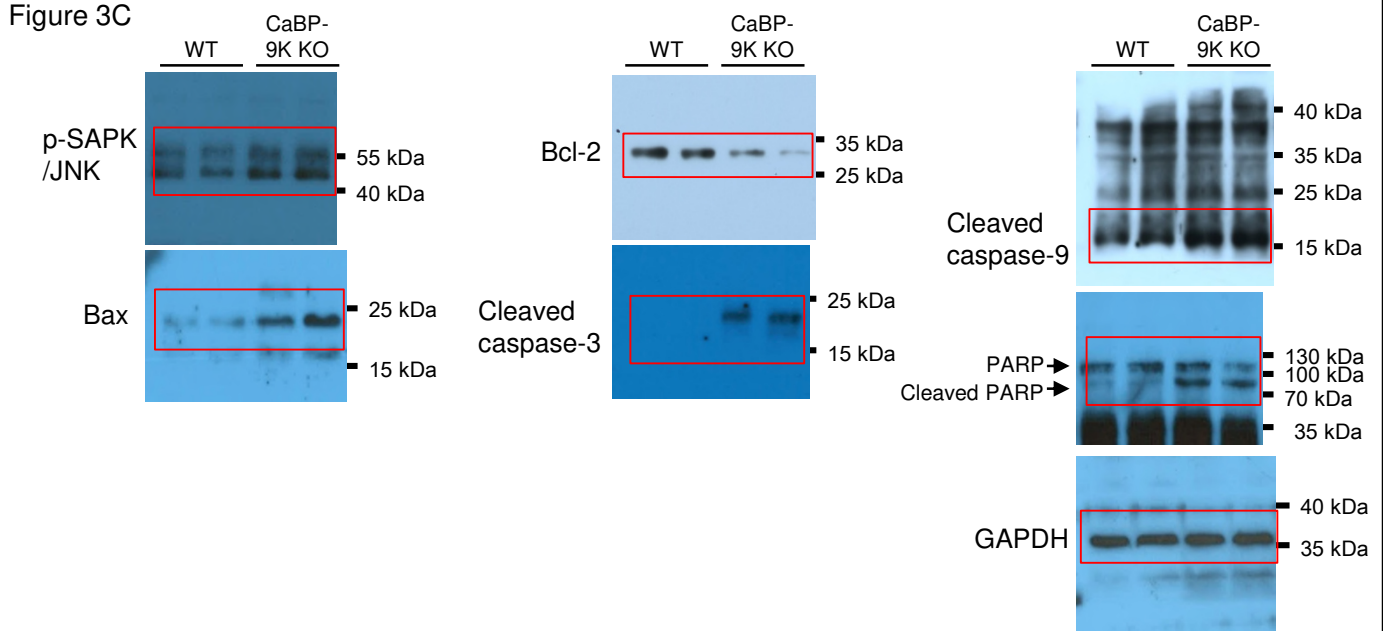
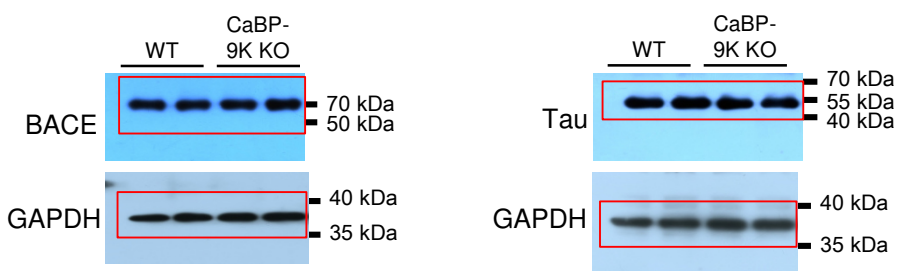


Figure 6E



# Supplementary figure-10-2

Figure 6K

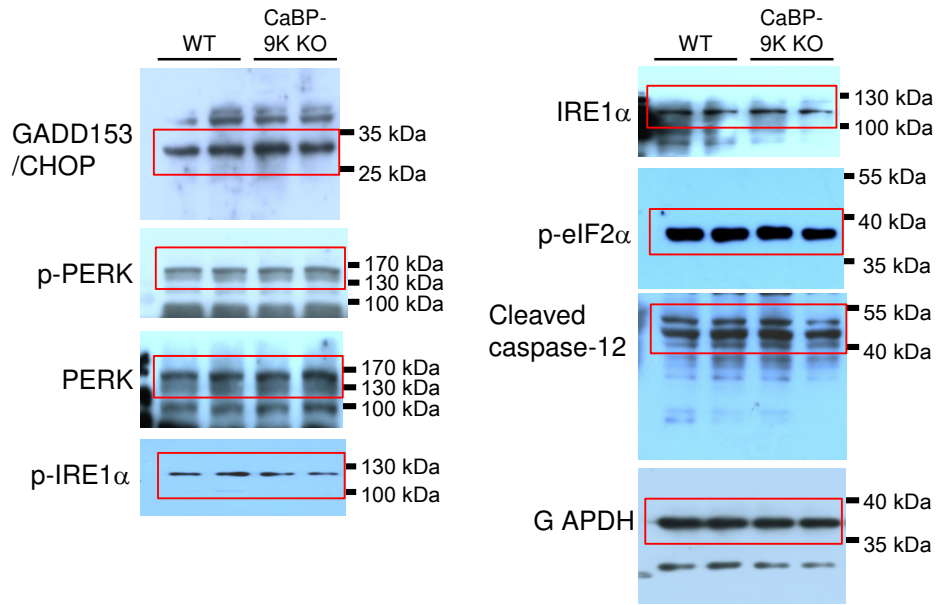
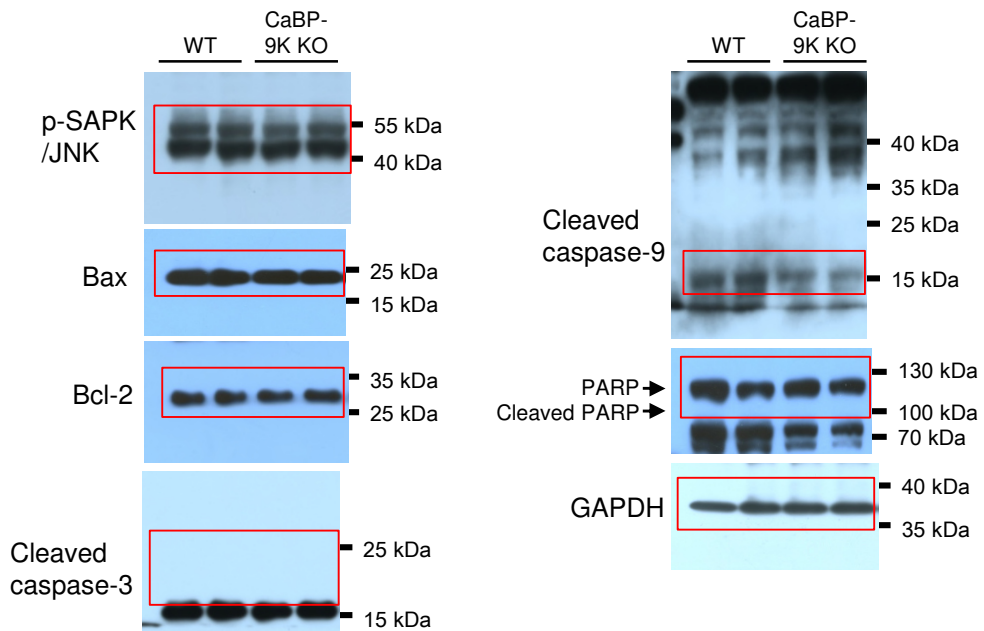
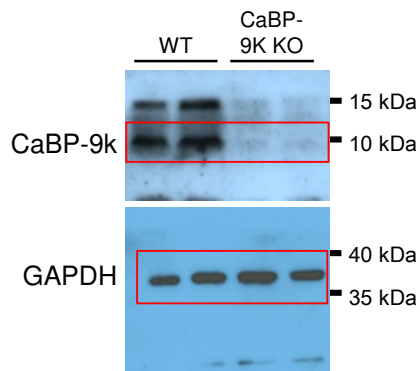


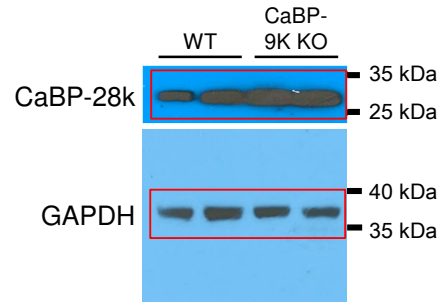
Figure 6M



Supplementary Figure 1A



Supplementary Figure 1D



**Supplementary Fig. 10. Western blot images.**

Western blot images for figure 1I, 3A, 3C, 6C, 6D, 6I, supplementary figure 1A and supplementary figure 1D.

**Supplementary Table 1. Primer sequences for real-time PCR**

<b>Gene</b>	<b>Primer sequence (5' → 3')</b>	<b>Accession No.</b>
<i>CaBP-9k</i>	F: tgtgtgctgagaagtctcctg R: gctggggaactctgactgaa	NM_009789
<i>Th</i>	F: cgtcatgcctcctcacctat R: tacacagcccaactccaca	NM_009377
<i>Dat</i>	F: cccctgctccttctgtatg R: gcataggccagtttctctcg	NM_010020
<i>Ddc</i>	F: tgactacaggcactggcaga R: agcagaccaaccaagaatg	NM_001190448
<i>Gdnf</i>	F: cctcgaagagagaggaatcg R: acaggaaccgctgcaatac	NM_001301332
<i>Bdnf</i>	F: gcggcagataaaaagactgc R: cccgaacatacgattgggta	NM_001048139
<i>Drd1a</i>	F: cctccctgaacccattatt R: gtggctggaaaacatcacag	NM_001291801
<i>Drd2</i>	F: ctcaggagctggaaatggag R: ttttctggttggcaggact	NM_010077
<i>Ip3r1</i>	F: acaactggtcaggccttctgt R: gaaagctcccagcagaaaca	NM_010585
<i>Ip3r2</i>	F: gcacaacatgtggcattacc R: ccttcgttgctgacaagtga	NM_010586
<i>Ip3r3</i>	F: gaacctatctttggggtga R: tgctccagtttgatgtgctc	NM_080553
<i>Serca2b</i>	F: gatcacaccgctgaatctga R: agggagcaggaagatttgg	NM_001110140
<i>Serca3</i>	F: ccatggccttatctgtgctt R: gtggcaccaggaggataaga	NM_001163336
<i>Stim1</i>	F: ccaggatctctggtggagaa R: ggggctaagagaatgggaag	NM_009287
<i>Stim2</i>	F: caatggcatcctggagaaat R: gtcattgtggatgctgctta	NM_001081103
<i>Orai1</i>	F: ctcattgatcagcacctgcat R: agcacgacctctgtaggaa	NM_175423
<i>Orai2</i>	F: tgagcaacatccacaacctc	NM_178751



	R: catccactgggaggaacttg	
<i>Orai3</i>	F: catcacaacagccttccaaa	NM_198424
	R: gcaaccaaggatcggtagaa	
<i>Trpc1</i>	F: atggattgctcgatacct	NM_001311123
	R: gtgctctgcatcttctgtcg	
<i>Trpc3</i>	F: tttccaaatgcaggaggag	NM_019510
	R: gctgatatcgtgttgctga	
<i>Trpc5</i>	F: aggaaagccaaaatccgagt	NM_009428
	R: ctgccacatacaatgctgct	
<i>Trpc6</i>	F: ggccaaattgtggtttcct	NM_001282086
	R: gcatcttctggaagccttg	
<i>Ryr1</i>	F: gacgtgctacctgttcaca	NM_009109
	R: tgatagccagcagaatgacg	
<i>Ryr2</i>	F: agtgccacatggctttgaa	NM_023868
	R: gggaaaaattccaacacct	
<i>Ryr3</i>	F: catggagaccaagtgttca	NM_001319156
	R: ctggcccgtatgttctgtt	
<i>Grin1</i>	F: gcatcgtagctgggatcttc	NM_001177656
	R: accgagggatctgagagggt	
<i>Grin2a</i>	F: atacgggagcctgttcagt	NM_008170
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<i>Grin2b</i>	F: agcaagtcgctctaccctga	NM_001363750
	R: ggctgacaccactggcttat	
<i>Grin2c</i>	F: ccatttctcccgtattcc	NM_010350
	R: agagggttgatcgagtgaa	
<i>Gria1</i>	F: cgataaaggggaatgtgaa	NM_001113325
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<i>Gria2</i>	F: ttccttggtgcctttatg	NM_001039195
	R: atcctcagcacttctgatgg	
<i>Grik5</i>	F: gttgggcatggagaacatt	NM_001360067
	R: tagctcctgcagcatctct	
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